EOS INTEREST

DEX. Portal. DAO

# DAC/DAO Governed- Dividend Sharing- Integrated Multi-Chain DEX

# WHITE PAPER: SEP.2018

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EOS INTEREST

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This document is not a supplement for dedicated personal research.

# CONTENT

# 1. PREFACE

Crypto is mystic. But beneath that façade, those who have been there long enough know that it is seedy, dark, unequal and prone to scam unprecedented in any other civilized trade. All that good, bad and ugly happen routinely within a vast information asymmetry; thus until you get bitten, or even after that, you are made to think that it was your fault, and not the problem with the crypto, or the way it is structured. Thus, information asymmetry presents cryptocurrency as different things to different people. Those who unabashedly shill it, tend to project (or just feign) crypto as the future of money, a revolutionary technology that would democratize the transition of digital assets. Those folks are also the early adopters of crypto, hence are best placed to benefit from each cycle of boom and bust.

On the other extreme, there are cynics who view crypto as nothing more than a glorified pyramid scheme. Economic logic of crypto is such they have a very strong point. Crypto enthusiasts had a field year of 2017. And this year (2018) has vindicated the cynics to a good deal. Cryptocurrency market cap hit nearly US $ 800 billion in January 2018, rising from barely US$ 18 billion, January, 2017. Then when the speculative driven purchase binge ran out of steam, the market crashed to one fourth of its peak time value. This exponential boom and bust cannot be explained by any of the implied technology of the underwritten token. Instead, there is a more straight forward economic explanation.

## 1.1. Cryptocurrency: An economic explanation

Ask yourself why you buy ( or are not inclined to buy now) crypto? You buy cryptocurrency to sell at a higher price to another potential buyer. He or she buys from you with the same intention. It was this speculative buying spree of tokens and coins of otherwise no tangible value that drove cryptocurrency to its all- time high market capitalization. The market impact of the speculative binge was magnified by the artificially limited number of token supply and regular market manipulation through wash trading. Thus an economic explanation of crypto boom has little to do with an implied technological superiority of cryptocurrency. The truth is that, crypto is a long way from mass adoption. In that sense, cryptocurrency looks more similar to a guilty- free pyramid scheme shrouded in a fictitious technological valuation- than to Tesla or Google.

Crypto enthusiasts argue that the limited supply of tokens create its value. However, not everything that is limited in supply has value. Photographs signed by the developers of EOS INEREST may be rare, but, alas, there are hardly any buyers. Instead, cryptocurrency acquires its market momentum through a wave of speculative purchasing, of which effect is magnified by market manipulation by the big players in the industry.

Such a momentum can go on only until new money keeps coming into the crypto market. Crypto market sustains the system by funneling new money and redistributing gains according to the hierarchical structure of the pyramid scheme. Sound familiar? This is what Ponzi is all about.

This system can go on as long as new investor money keeps coming in. when the new money runs out, the entire scheme comes crashing down. That is where we are now.

## 1.2. Losers and gainers of the pyramid

Cryptocurrency market of this year is a victim of its success of the previous year. BTC rose from US $ 952. 23 on December 31, 2016 to its all- time high of US $ 20,089 on December 17th 2017. Ethereum grew by over 100x within a year, rising from US $ 8 in January 2017 to $ 820 by the end of the year, before hitting its all- time high of US $ 1390, a fortnight later. NEO recorded the most astonishing display, rising from US $ 0.14 in January 2017 to US $ 160 in January in 2018, an 1000x increase.[1] However, such a price inflation is neither grounded in the tangible value of token ( which indeed as no such value) nor sustainable. Subsequent crash is the predictable outcome. At present, Bitcoin has lost two third, Ethereum 80 per cent, NEO 90 per cent of its peak time value. Some of the much hyped ICO tokens (DADI, BEE, WEPOWER, STK, GEMS) are now being traded less than one twentieth of their ICO valuation.

Crypto believers tend to argue that each new bottom of crypto value has been higher than the previous bottom- which is empirically true. Yet, that does not denote that a majority of investors are better off than before. Crypto cycles are propelled by new money. Most new investors join in the middle of the cycle. Those people whose money propelled the crypto boom are the ones who are bound to lose a significant portion of their investment. These funds that are fleeced from the gullible are being redistributed according to the hierarchical order in the crypto pyramid. In other words, at the end of the cycle, the majority of the crypto investors, baring the early adopters are worse off.

## 1.3. Exchanges are part of the problem

Speculative binge alone cannot explain the magnitude of the cryptocurrency market boom and bust. Centralized exchanges that own vast digital assets, especially bitcoin, played an insidious role in artificially inflating the bitcoin price through wash trading. (Wash trading is a process whereby a trader sells and buys a financial instrument for the purpose of creating misleading and artificial activity in the marketplace. In this case, the “financial instrument” is a crypto coin or token.)

In crypto, the most recurrent type of wash trading happens when exchanges continuously sell and buy the same token, usually bitcoin, above the market price, there by artificially pushing the token price. The idea is to give impression that the transaction is an actually trading activity- even though actual value does not exchange hands, but rather stays in the same hand through the transaction. This is considered illegal because it falsifies the trade volume. According to research by Blockchain Transparency Institute (BTI), about $6 billion in daily volume is being faked through wash trading. This amounts to 67 per cent of total daily volume of crypto currency.[2]

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[1] Coinmarketcap, Historical snapshots: https://coinmarketcap.com/historical/

[2] David Olarinoye, Wash Trading Affects 67% Of Cryptocurrency Trade Volume, Says Blockchain Transparency Institute, Invest in Blockchain. September , 2018, https://www.investinblockchain.com/cryptocurrency-wash-trading/

While these revelations are disturbing enough, that does not come as a surprise. Entire crypto market success in 2017 and to a great extent, even before that, is built on illegal market manipulation. Traders and bots operating in bitfinex , Gdax and most other exchanges systematically manipulated the bitcoin price, especially since March 2017 through wash trading. Practice known as spoofying, i.e. placing orders that actually do not contribute to exchange of value, was used both to raise the price by several hundred dollars, every day, and to rescue when the price is crashing.[3] Below is a screenshot of bitfinex in August 2017. Wash trading has been used (a) to rescue the price when it hit bottom, and (b) to pump the price by US $ 1000 immediately after.


Wash trading hit a new high in January 2018; during which, in order to maintain the plummeting bitcoin price, which reached its all- time high in December, exchanges created a fake volume of US $ 70 billion. As such, the inevitable outcome was as the market ran out new funds , the whole scheme came crashing down in post January.

## 1.4. Crypto inequality and market manipulation

The current status-quo of cryptocurrency is a misnomer of what it is flaunted to be. It is touted as decentralized, sans middle men. But the stubborn reality is that for their transactions cryptocurrency is overwhelmingly relying on the centralized exchanges, which manipulate token price and make a killing at the expense of new investor funds.

Cryptocurrency is also extremely unequal in wealth distribution. 1,000 wallets own 40 Percent of the Bitcoin Market. As in any asset class, large individual holders and large institutional holders can and do collude to manipulate price. In cryptocurrencies, the propensity for market manipulation by large holders is extremely high given the absence of regulatory mechanism and the speculative nature of these assets.

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[3] Bitfinex'ed, Meet 'Spoofy'. How a Single entity dominates the price of Bitcoin, Hackernoon, August 4, 2017. https://hackernoon.com/meet-spoofy-how-a-single-entity-dominates-the-price-of-bitcoin-39c711d28eb4

Cryptocurrency inequality is far worse in other tokens, where ICO founders and venture capitals own the preponderance of tokens, using small holders owning a few tokens as a cannon fodder for pump and dump. Interestingly of all large cap coins and tokens, bitcoin has the least concentration of asset holdings. The top 100 bitcoin addresses control 17.3 percent of all the issued currency, according to crypto hedge fund Tetras Capital. With ether, a rival to bitcoin, the top 100 addresses control 40 percent of the supply, and with coins such as Gnosis, Qtum, and Storj,  TRX, top holders control more than 90 percent. Many large owners are part of the teams running these projects.  Such large holdings are recipe for calculated pump and dump. Majority of altcoins have a history of that. Of all, TRX would probably win the cup.

## 1.5. Our two cents of a verdict

We do not buy into the popular fallacy that crypto is the new money. Crypto lacks the most important attribute to be money: predictability.  Implied decentralization of crypto currency is in fact a ruse for concentration of the overwhelming majority of assets in the hands of a microscopic minority of large holders.  Extreme volatility of is associated with their tactics of market manipulations. Public do not buy into the notion that crypto is better than centralized fiat. They value predictability that fiat offers and believe they are better off with a government that regulate money supply, than a minority of whales and exchanges that pump and dump intangible tokens.

## 1.6. Our mission

We are building a more equitable model of reward distribution within cryptocurrency. We believe trustless smart contracts offer an immense promise for future of financial transaction. They  remove intermediary, cut down transactional cost, at the same time enhancing privacy. However, such models are rarely being genuinely integrated; instead, they have been misappropriated to provide a façade to shill and sell an overt Ponzi scam.  That explains the overall public reservation towards crypto currency as a whole. Our objective is to bring in the positives of crypto and use it for the greater good. EOS Interest is incorporating trustless smart contracts with an economic model that aims for equitable distribution of dividends. Succeeding chapters will explain our model in detail.

# 2. EOS INTEREST: OPERATIONAL MODEL

## 2.1. Conceptual framework

The objective of the EOS Interest is to build a DAC and DAO governed community owned Decentralized Crypto Currency Exchange and an autonomous trade portal.

EOS Interest incorporates two instruments: DEX and autonomous trade portal. The governance of the platform would be overseen through Democratic Autonomous Organization ( DAO) contract.

We aim to mitigate the excessive influence of large holding, by limiting the team tokens to 10 per cent of token supply and pruning the amount of reserve tokens which ICOs use for enrichment of the team at the expense of the investors. Reserve tokens of 1.5 million account for 15 per cent of total supply and will be used for future upgrades and development of the platform.

We introduce a consensus driven governance mechanism by incorporating DAO and DAC contracts which allow the token holders to vote and make key decisions, including the election of delegates ( management team) and witnesses. EOS Interest DAO contract also oversees the distribution of rewards as per monthly dividends without human interference.

The final objective is to develop a trading platform that underwrites a more equitable distribution of dividends, at the same time, leveraging on the speculative driven market practices of the wider crypto market.

## 2.2. A dual platform: DEX + AI trading portal

EOS Interest platform integrates a multi-chain decentralized exchange with an autonomous AI guided trade portal. Both instruments are governed by DAC and DAO smart contracts, with delegates and witnesses elected through community voting via smart contracts.

## 2.3. DEX

EOS Interest DEX adopts an enhanced model of Waves Decentralized Exchange, whereby we link an efficient centralized order matching machine with decentralized wallets. Centralized relay enables efficient execution of token transactions while decentralized wallets allow the users to retain private keys of their wallets.

DEX would integrate Tor interface in order to enhance the anonymity of token transactions. The users can avail themselves the full scope of DEX services while remaining anonymous. Users can register for the DEX services just with an email address, Metamask or Scatter.

## 2.3. Liquidity pool

By Q3, 2019, EOSiNT DEX aims to aggregate other cryptocurrency exchanges, cryptocurrency brokers, and thousands of client-broker orders. This creates a deep liquidity pool for crypto currency derivatives trading.

## 2.4. Order Types

Unlike existing Decentralized exchanges that only support point- to-point order where tokens are traded only at a fixed price, EOS Interest DEX incorporates limit and market orders.

Limit order: Trade tokens above or below a given price ratio. The trade will be executed only when the token you want to buy or sell reaches a particular price (the stop/limit price). Once the token has reached this price, a stop order essentially becomes a market order and is filled.

Market order: Trade one token for another at the current market price. Market order is executed quickly at the given market price.

## 2.5. Platform fee

Maker: 0.5%

Taker: 0.5%

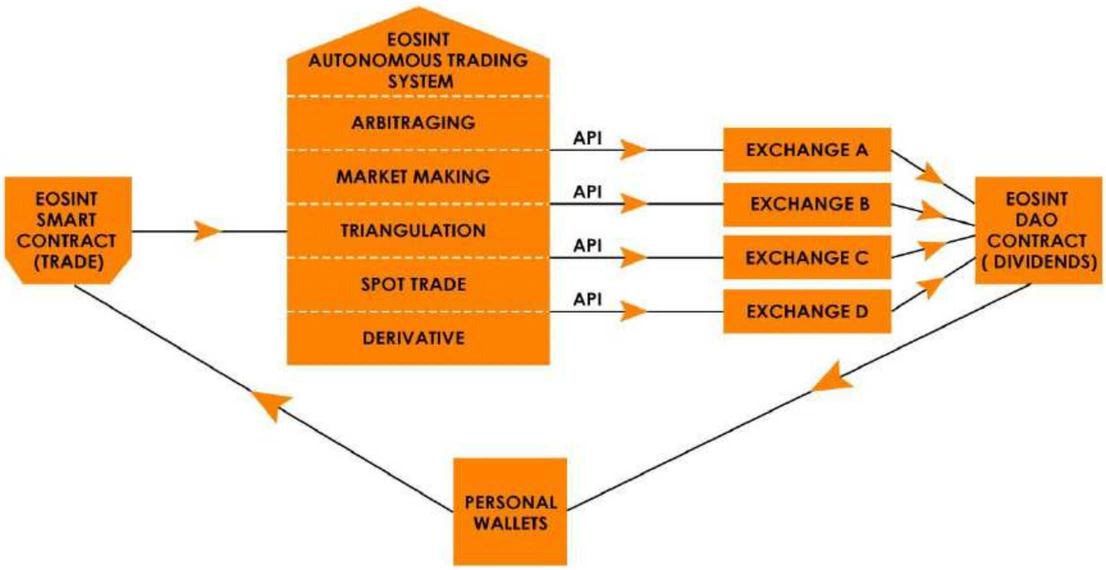
## 2.6. Trans fee- minting

EOSiNT DEX would adopt trans- fee mining model to reward the EOSiNT holders. Accordingly, the DEX would rebate 50 per cent of platform fees with users of the platform through EOSiNT tokens daily. To that end, EOSiNT tokens worth 50 per cent of daily platform fees would be purchased from the platform during the 24 hour trading period and would be distributed among users proportionate to their trading volume. The purchase of EOSiNT from the platform, rather than releasing tokens from the reserve, would provide for continued upward push for token valuation- proportionate to the actual utility of the DEX platform.

## 2.7. EOS derivative trading

EOSiNT DEX would integrate EOS derivative trading in 2$^{nd}$ quarter of 2019 tentatively. Trading fees, leverages and other modalities would be subject to market conditions at the time and would be announced in due course.

## 2.8. AI Trading portal




EOS Interest autonomous trading system unifies a combination of trading tools, which will

**a) Trade the tokens of EOSiNT index fund.**

**b) Trail the daily performance of EOS index**.

EOSiNT autonomous portal is designed to exploit the market inefficiencies through a combination of trading strategies across different exchanges. Different trading tools dedicated to arbitrating, market making, triangulation, short selling, and derivatives are unified into a single integrated system which conduct autonomous trading with minimum human oversight.

Autonomous structure reduces the cost of large scale fund handling by fund managers. At the same time, the singular focus on the market place of EOS coin enables EOSiNT AI interface a greater latitude for deep learning of market trends, and recalibration of algorithm accordingly.

## 2.9. Market neutral strategy

EOSiNT autonomous system follows a market neutral strategy. i.e. EOSiNT does not sell EOS or any other crypto asset it may hold, but rather it short sells on the short exchange. This reduces risk posed by the extreme market fluctuations and value wipeout in the crypto market.

EOSiNT strategy is aimed at exploiting market inefficiencies in the trading of EOS coin at a given time. For instance, arbitrage or triangulation opportunities exist when there is a major price difference of a particular coin across the exchanges. AI interface exploits these price differences in order to buy EOS from the exchange where the price is lower, and sell in the exchange where the price is higher.

This strategy is always market-neutral: the EOS market's moves (up or down) don't impact the strategy returns. This removes a huge risk from the strategy. The EOS market could suddenly lose half its value that this won't make any difference in the strategy returns.

## 2.10. Index fund

EOSiNT allocates 60 per cent of ICO proceeds to an Index fund, which serves two purposes.

a) Provide immediate liquidity to the platform.
b) Generate long term pool of crypto assets which would underwrite the value of EOSiNT token.

Index fund is comprised of EOS Token ( 50%) and a combination of up and coming ICO tokens, decided on long term market potential (50%).

Index fund will be traded by the EOSiNT autonomous engine. Short selling profits will be distributed as monthly dividends.

## 2.11. Dividends sharing through staking.

EOS Interest generates revenue through two instruments of trading. A) platform fees generated by the DEX. b) Short-selling profits of Index fund generated by AI portal.

EOSiNT token holders can receive 75 per cent of the monthly revenue of the platform by staking their EOSiNT tokens in the DEX platform during the trading month.

E.g.: Following example outlines a hypothetical scenario of dividend sharing at the end of month X.

*Assume at the end of month X, trading platform has generated a revenue of US $ 1.5 million.*

*Similarly during the corresponding period DEX has generated US $ 5 million platform fees, 50 per cent of which is spent on purchase of EOSiNT tokens that were distributed through trans fee minting. Effectively The DEX is left with the remainder: US $ 2.5 million.*

*Thus, the combined revenue of the platform is US $ 1.5 million+ US $ 2.5 million = US $ 4 million.*

*During the trading month, assume 4 million EOSiNT tokens have been staked. Effectively, each EOSiNT token that is staked is eligible for US$ 1 dividends at the end of the month.*

*User A who has staked 500 EOSiNT tokens  during the trading month would receive:  US $ 1 X 500 = US$ 500*

*User B who has staked 1000 EOSiNT tokens during the trading month would receive : US $ 1X 1000 = US $ 1,000.*

Monthly dividends represent the users share of the platform profit, acquired through staking their EOSiNT tokens.  Monthly dividends do not correlate to the token price of the EOSiNT token.  For instance, EOSiNT token could be 1 USD or 50 USD.  Irrespective of that, monthly dividends represent the users share of the platform profit at a given a time.  In the above example, irrespective of the token price, the monthly dividend is USD 1.

In that sense, market dynamism of cost and rewards of staking the EOSiNT token vis a vis  trading it in the platform, lead to an equilibrium, setting a sustainable , and revenue backed token value for the EOSiNT token.

## 2.12. Withdrawal of monthly dividends

The monthly dividend would be deposited to the wallet of the user A and B in EOS proportionate to the USD value of the said dividend.  Once remitted, dividends can be withdrawn any time in the form of a digital asset such as BTC, ETH, EOSiNT , EOS or token of the user’s choice.

EOS Interest platform operates strict NO Fiat policy, which means, dividend cannot be withdrawn in any of fiat currencies.

## 2.13. No inflation of native token supply through trade bonuses

Staking bonus of traditional cryptocurrency platforms, which are generally issued in the native token often without a pegged asset value, crate massive  inflation of circulation supply of the native token, and effectively,   depreciate the token value.  Instead, EOSiNT trade dividends are backed by real crypto assets generated through trading profit and can be withdrawn in EOS or EOSiNT tokens.  That prevents the inflation of circulation supply of the EOSiNT token, and defends the value in the short and long term.

## 2.14. EOSiNT TOKEN

EOSiNT token is a EOSIO token. EOSIO.token is a minimum viable version of a token, which reduces its attack surface.  Similarly, EOS platform offers a greater scalability and lower fees.  **EOSiNT TOKENS ARE NOT SECURITIES**  and is not designed for speculative purpose and should not be considered as a type of investment. EOSiNT tokens are designed to represent the future access to services of the EOS Interest trade platform.

Two basic utility functions of EOSiNT token are:

- Native utility token of the DEX: trade EOSiNT, pair with other cryptos, and earn EOSiNT through trans fee minting
- Stake EOSiNT, and claim a 75 per cent of  combined platform revenue during the trading month

# 3. GOVERNANCE MODEL

## 3.1. Governance through DAO and DAC

EOS Interest platform is governed by a combination of DAC (Decentralized Autonomous Companies) and DAO (Decentralized Autonomous Organization). DAC is a company with a decentralized functioning and managed by software, i.e. smart contracts, that allow autonomous function of the platform, theoretically, without any human input. In our case, a limited human input in the platform is retained at the maintenance level, until full autonomous integration is achieved.

EOS Interest autonomous trade portal is built on a combination of AI bots and DAO contracts. All trading activities of the liquidity / index fund is automated and conducted without human interference. At the end of the month, 75 per cent of trade profit would automatically be remitted to the DAC administered smart contract wallet. The smart contract would distribute the monthly dividends proportionate to the EOSiNT tokens staked in the DEX.

Similarly, platform fees of DEX is remitted to the DAC governed community DEX wallet which would distribute dividends proportionate to the EoSiNT tokens staked in the DEX.

## 3.2. Election of delegates

In order to maintain the up to date functioning of the platform, EOS Interest DAO provides framework for the election of delegates and witnesses.

Delegates mission is to make sure that the platform functions its optimum, and provide continuous upgrade to the system. Witnesses validate whether the delegates have completed scheduled task.

Delegates and witnesses are elected through community voting through DAO.

## 3.3. Voting & vote ceiling

Each EOSiNT token is eligible for one vote. The maximum number of votes entitled to an individual member is 10,000. This vote ceiling nonetheless places only a normative guideline against potential vote manipulation by large holders. Since voting is anonymous, some members may be tempted to utilize multiple wallets contravening the vote cap. Under such scenario, where there is prima-facie evidence of vote manipulation, vote oversight committee is authorized to annul the voting and suspend the participation of offending wallets in future voting.

## 3.4. Vote oversight committee

Vote oversight committee will oversee the election of delegates and witnesses and any other future voting practices. Vote oversight committee will have 6 members elected through community voting for a period of one year. Powers, duties and Remuneration of committee members will be announced in detail before the election to the committee.

## 3.5. Decentralized developer community

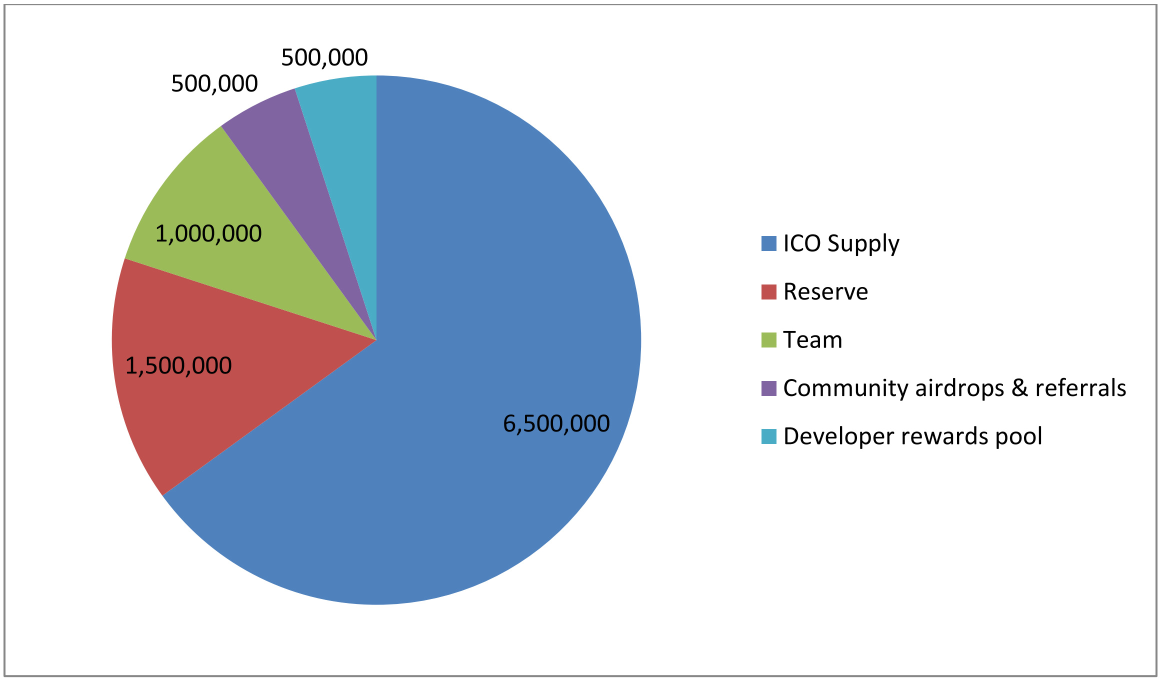
EOS Interest would cultivate a decentralized community of developers.  The developer community could contribute to the continuous upgrade of the platform as well as integrating new instruments to the EOS Interest eco system.

Similarly EOSiNT would provide seed funding for developing trading software, and educational programs.

## 3.6. Rewards for delegates/ witnesses/ developers

EOS Interest would maintain a consolidated development fund as outlined in the ICO token metrics. Delegates, witnesses and developers would be rewarded through this fund, as agreed upon by the community through community voting.

## 4. TOKEN METRICS




Team tokens are locked for six months with a cliff of one month from the date of launch of DEX.

Similarly, all airdrop tokens will be locked for six months with a cliff of one month. Airdrop tokens will be entitled to full share of dividends during the lock up period. Lock up thus effectively be treated as staked in for the airdrop tokens during the period of six months.

Team tokens will be entitled to 50 per cent of the dividend per share of a regular staked token during the lock up period. Eg: if an airdrop token or regular staked token is entitled to $ 2 dividend at the end of the 30 day staking period, team token at its lock up stage will be entitled to $ 1.

Unsold tokens will be added to the EOSiNT reserve fund and will be used to finance the future upgrades of the platform

# 5. INITIAL COIN OFFERING (ICO)

## 5.1. Pre-Sale: 1,000,000 EOSiNT

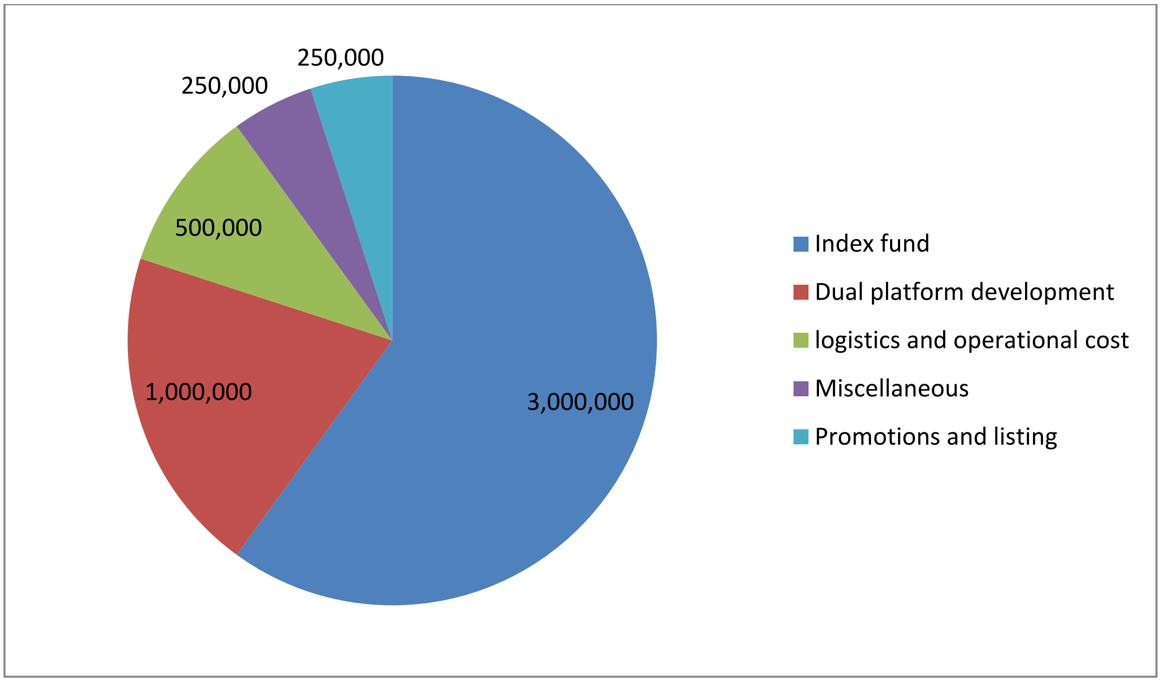
- Dates: November 20- December 10, 2018
- Token price per EOSiNT: US $. 60
- Pre-sale goal: US $ 600,000

- Maximum personal cap for pre-sale:   1 BTC or equivalent
- Crypto Currency accepted: BTC, ETH, XMR and NEO

## 5.2. Main Sale: 5,500,000 EOSiNT

- Dates:  December 20 2018- January 31, 2019
- Token price per EOSiNT: US $ .80 ( for the first two weeks of the main sale)/ EOSiNT: US $1 ( after two weeks)
- Tentative hard cap: US $ 5, 000,000
- Maximum personal cap for main sale: Tentatively 0.5 BTC or equivalent.
- Crypto Currency accepted: BTC, ETH and XMR and NEO
- Restricted countries: USA,  Congo, Cuba, Eretria,  Iran, Iraq, Libya, North Korea, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan,  Syria, Tunisia,  Yeman.
- KYC: NO
- Whitelist: NO

## 6. ICO FUND ALLOCATION




Index fund:  US $ 3,000,000

Dual platform development and upgrade: US $ 1,000,000

Logistics and Operational cost (one year): US $ 500,000

Promotions and listing: US $ 250,000

Miscellaneous: US $ 250,000

# 7. ROAD MAP

**Q 4 2017:** Team development, talent hunting, conceptualizing of the project

**Q4 2017 – Q2 2018:** Platform development

**2018 Nov:** Airdrops

**2018 Nov- December:** Pre sale

**2018 December- January 2019:** Main sale 2018

**2019 Q 1**

- External Exchange listing
- Launch of the EOSiNT DEX and trading portal

**2019 Q 3:**

- Launch of the liquidity pool.
- EOSiNT derivative platform

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## 8.1. EOS INTEREST (EOSINT) tokens are NOT securities

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## 8.9. Other disclaimers

There are risks involved in the technologies relating to the EOS INTEREST trading portal, DEX, EOSiNT tokens, , the Initial Coin Offering, EOSiNT Smart contract, and other blockchains, such as unforeseen bugs, security issues or disruptions. By way of the above and other factors not within our control, the entire sum used to purchase the EOSiNT Tokens may be lost.

Despite our best efforts, EOSiNT may not be able to execute or implement its goals, business strategies and plans. There may be changes in political, social, economic and stock or cryptocurrency market conditions and/or that there is no or little acceptance/adoption of the EOSiNT trading portal, DEX and/or EOSiNT Tokens, such that the EOS INTEREST trading platform and/or EOSiNT tokens become no longer commercially viable.

To the fullest extent possible, EOS INTEREST shall not be liable for any responsibility, liability, claims, demands and/or damages (actual and consequential) of every kind and nature, known and unknown (including, but not limited to, claims of negligence), arising out of or related to any acceptance or reliance on the information set forth in this document by you.

Whilst we have made references to certain websites and links in this document, we did not seek further verification as to the accuracy, completeness, or timeliness of the information referred to in those websites and links.

The disclaimers set out in this document are not exhaustive and a more comprehensive list will be set out in other documents that may be published by EOS INTEREST from time to time.

END